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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/932,353		08/17/2001	Herbert Bachler	33891	4874	
116	7590	04/19/2004		EXAMINER		
	E & GORD		FOREMAN, JONATHAN M			
SUITE 12	ST 9TH STF 200	KEEI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
CLEVEL	AND, OH	44114-3108	3736	18		
				DATE MAILED: 04/19/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.		Applicant(s)	700
		09/932,353	7	BACHLER ET AL	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Jonathan ML For		3736	
Period for I	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	pears on the cover	sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the perion of the perion	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Ins of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. riod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replained for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute and received by the Office later than three months after the mailing atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, howe ly within the statutory min will apply and will expire s e, cause the application to	ver, may a reply be tim imum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 i	February 2004 .			
2a)□ 1	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-fi	nal.	·	
	Since this application is in condition for allowables of a coordance with the practice under				ne merits is
Disposition	of Claims				
·	laim(s) <u>13-19,21-33 and 36-44</u> is/are pendir			·	
4 a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from considera	ation.		
5)□ C	laim(s) <u>28-33</u> is/are allowed.				
6)□ C	laim(s) <u>13-16, 19, 21-27 and 36-44</u> is/are rej	ected.			
7)□ C	laim(s) <u>17 and 18</u> is/are objected to.				
8)☐ C Application	aim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirer	ment.		
9)∐ Th	e specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
10)∐ Th	e drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acce	pted or b)☐ object	ed to by the Exar	miner.	
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be hel	d in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)□ Th	e proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)∏ approve	d b) 🗌 disappro	ved by the Examin	ier.
I	f approved, corrected drawings are required in re	ply to this Office act	ion.		
12) 🗌 Th	e oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer.			
Priority une	der 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) 🗌 🗛	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[_	All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
1.	☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been rece	ived.		
2.	☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been rece	ived in Applicati	on N o	
	Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu the attached detailed Office action for a list	ireau (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).		Stage
14) 🗌 Ack	nowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisiona	I application).
•	☐ The translation of the foreign language processory.	• •			
Attachment(s)	-	· · · · · ·			
2) Notice of	f References Cited (PTO-892) f Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	4)		r (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT	
J.S. Patent and Trade PTO-326 (Rev. (ction Summary		Part of Paper No. 18	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 19 is objected to because of the following informalities: lines 1-2 state, "one of claims 13". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 13, 14, 19, 21 and 23 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 4,606,329 to Hough.

In reference to claim 13, Hough discloses an implanted hearing aid with at least one permanent magnet (50) (Figure 8) adapted for being solidly attached on a promontory in the area of the middle ear as well as one coil separate from the magnet adapted for placing in the area of the middle ear (37, Figure 3). It has been held that the recitation that an element is "adapted to " perform a function is not a positive limitation but only requires the ability to so perform. It does not constitute a limitation in any patentable sense. *In re Hutchison*, 69 USPQ 138.

In reference to claim 14, Hough shows the coil (37) being adapted for placing in the area of the ossicle chain.

In reference to claim 19, Hough shows the permanent magnet being one of a circular, oval, square, or rectangular design (Figure 6). Additionally, Hough discloses the magnet having any desirable shape or form (Col. 7, lines 4-5).

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In reference to claims 21 and 26 Hough discloses the permanent magnet (50) being adapted to be solidly attached to the promontory (Col. 7, lines 30 - 37). Because of the clip structure associated with the magnet as shown in Figure 6, the magnet is adapted to be removeably attached or adjustable.

In reference to claims 23 - 25, the coil disclosed by Hough is considered by the examiner to extend in a plain parallel, perpendicular, and between 0° and 180° relative to the magnet (Figure 8).

3. Claims 13 – 16, 21, 22, 26, 36 – 38, 40 – 42 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,084,975 to Perkins.

In reference to claim 13 – 16, 21, 22, 26, 36 – 38, 40 – 42 and 44, Hough discloses an implanted hearing aid with at least one permanent magnet (50) (Figure 8) adapted for being solidly attached on a promontory in the area of the middle ear as well as one coil separate from the magnet adapted for placing in the area of the middle ear (37, Figure 3). It has been held that the recitation that an element is "adapted to " perform a function is not a positive limitation but only requires the ability to so perform. It does not constitute a limitation in any patentable sense. *In re Hutchison*, 69 USPQ 138. Hough shows the coil (37) being adapted for placing in the area middle ear in the area of the ossicle chain (Col. 3, lines 22 – 24). Because Hough discloses the coil being placed within the middle ear, the coil is considered by the examiner to be adapted to be placed at or behind the tympanic membrane. Hough discloses the removability of the permanent magnet (Col. 4, lines 26 – 28). The removability of the magnet is considered by the examiner to be adjustable.

Furthermore, it is well established that a recitation with respect to the manner in which an apparatus is intended to be employed, i.e., a functional limitation, does not impose any structural limitation upon the claimed apparatus which differentiates it from a prior art reference disclosing the structural limitations of the claim. *In re Pearson*, 494 F.2d 1399, 181 USPQ 641 (CCPA 1974); *In re*

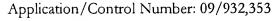
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Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967); In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458 (CCPA 1963). Where the prior art reference is inherently capable of performing the function described in a functional limitation, such functional limitation does not define the claimed apparatus over such prior art reference, regardless of whether the prior art reference explicitly discusses such capacity for performing the recited function. In re Ludtke, 441 F.2d 660, 169 USPQ 563 (CCPA 1971). In addition, where there is reason to believe that such functional limitation may be an inherent characteristic of the prior art reference, Applicant is required to prove that the subject matter shown in the prior art reference does not possess the characteristic relied upon. In re Spada, 911 F2d 705, 15 USPQ2d 1655 (Fed. Cir. 1990); In re King, 801 F.2d 1324, 1327, 231 USPQ 136, 138 (Fed. Cir. 1986); In re Ludtke, 441 F.2d at 664, 169 USPQ at 566 (CCPA 1971). In the present case, the magnet and coil as disclosed by Perkins are capable of being placed at locations within the middle ear as desired.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 39 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,084,975 to Perkins.

In regards to claims 39 and 43, Perkins discloses an air-gap between a permanent magnet and a coil (Figure 1), but does not disclose the air-gap being adjustable. However, adjustability, where desirable, is a modification that is within the skill of the art. *In re Stevens*, 212 F.2d 197, 101



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USPQ 284 (CCPA 1954). In the present case it would be desirable, and thus an obvious modification to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to adjust the air-gap between the magnet and the coil in order to increase or reduce the intensity of the mechanical oscillation.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claims 28 33 are allowed. No prior art teaches or fairly suggests Applicant's claimed method where electrical signals are converted into mechanical oscillations of a coil positioned in a middle ear by utilizing a permanent magnet separate from the coil that is solidly attached to the promontory.
- 7. Claims 17 and 18 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jonathan ML Foreman whose telephone number is (703) 305-5390. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mary Beth Jones can be reached on (703) 308-3400. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9306 for After Final communications.



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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

JMLF

April 18, 2004

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